

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME : SEAL STEEL SIL/ACR WP SEALER ALL COLORS
 IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: ALL COLOR DATE PRINTED: 09/19/01
 PRODUCT USE/CLASS :

MANUFACTURED FOR: : ENVIROSPEC Div.
 HI TECH JETTING INC.
 571 MLK HWY.
 HOMERVILLE, GA. 31634 912-487-1778

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: 800-255-3924 24 HR.

PREPARER: Steven C. Halliday, PHONE: 727-527-3382, PREPARE DATE: 08/21/01

SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

ITEM	CHEMICAL NAME	WT/WT %	CAS NUMBER	LESS THAN
01	Petroleum Naphtha		64742-89-8	15.0 %
02	Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha		64742-95-6	10.0 %
03	Xylene (Mixed Isomers)		1330-20-7	20.0 %
04	Toluene		108-88-3	1.0 %
05	Trimethyl Benzenes		25551-13-7	10.0 %
06	Ethyl Benzene		100-41-4	5.0 %
07	Stoddard Solvent		8052-41-3	10.0 %
08	Benzene		71-43-2	0.1 %

----- EXPOSURE LIMITS -----						
ITEM	ACGIH		OSHA		COMPANY	SKIN
	TLV-TWA	TLV-STEL	PEL-TWA	PEL-CEILING	TLV-TWA	
01	300 ppm		300 ppm			NO
02		100 ppm	100 ppm			YES
03	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm		100 ppm	YES
04	50 ppm SKIN	50 ppm SKIN	100 ppm		50 ppm SKIN	YES
05	25 ppm-skin	N.E.	25 ppm-skin		N.E.	YES
06	100 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm		100 ppm	YES
07	100 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm		N.E.	NO
08	N.E.	N.E.	1 ppm		N.E.	YES

(See Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

***** EMERGENCY OVERVIEW ***:** Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause Damage. Causes severe eye and skin irritation. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Flammable liquid and vapor.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: This material may cause mild eye irritation. Direct contact with the liquid or exposure to vapors or mists may cause stinging, tearing and redness.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: This material may cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause redness, burning, drying, and cracking of skin. Persons with preexisting skin disorders may be more susceptible to the effects of this material.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: This material is expected to have a low degree of toxicity by inhalation. Breathing high concentrations of vapors or mists may cause irritation of the nose and throat and signs of nervous system depression. Respiratory symptoms associated with pre-existing lung disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this material.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Ingestion of excessive amounts may cause irritation of the digestive tract and signs of nervous system depression. **ASPIRATION HAZARD.** This material can enter the lungs during swallowing or vomiting causing lung inflammation and damage.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational over-exposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal. Contains xylene. Xylene causes harm to the fetus in animal lab studies. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain. Xylene is not expected to cause cancer in humans since it did not cause cancer in laboratory animals. Xylene is not listed as a carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer, the National Toxicology Program, or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration. Ethylbenzene is a component of xylene and has been shown to cause cancer in laboratory animals. The relevance of this finding to humans is uncertain. Light aromatic solvent naphtha causes harm to the fetus in animal lab studies. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain. Contains Toluene. Persons with pre-existing heart disorders may be more susceptible to irregular heartbeats if exposed to high concentrations of this material. Intentional misuse by deliberate inhalation has been shown to cause liver, kidney and brain damage. Exposure to high concentrations can cause irreversible changes to the genetic material (DNA) of a cell. Pre-existing liver and kidney disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this material.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: SKIN CONTACT SKIN ABSORPTION INHALATION
INGESTION EYE CONTACT

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: If irritation or redness develops, move victim away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes with clean water. If symptoms persist seek medical attention. For direct contact hold eyelids apart and flush with clean water for at least 15 minutes.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes and flush affected area with large amounts of water. If skin is damaged, apply a clean dressing and seek medical attention. If skin surface is not damaged cleanse thoroughly with mild soap and water. If redness or irritation develops seek medical attention.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: If respiratory symptoms or other symptoms of exposure develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek immediate medical attention. If victim is not breathing, immediately start artificial respiration. If breathing difficulties develop, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: This material is a potential aspiration hazard. **DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.** If swallowed seek emergency medical attention. If victim is drowsy or unconscious, place on left side with head down. If possible, do not leave the victim unattended.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: 78 F
(TAGLIABUE CLOSED CUP)

LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: 0.9 %
UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: 7.1 %

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: DRY CHEMICAL WATER FOG CO2 FOAM ALCOHOL FOAM

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Vapors can travel back to a source of ignition and flash back. Flammable liquid. Can form explosive mixtures at temperatures at or above the flashpoint. "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. **DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.** Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner, or properly disposed of.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant. Stop spill/release if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and cooling equipment exposed to heat and flames. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Absorb spill with an inert absorbent material, then place in a chemical waste container. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Wear a self contained breathing apparatus and appropriate personal protection. (See Exposure Controls/Personal Protection Section)

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling.

STORAGE: Use and store this material in cool, dry, well ventilated areas away from heat and all sources of ignition. Keep containers closed when not in use. Store only in approved containers. Protect containers against physical damage.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary to control any air contaminants to within their TLVs during the use of this product. Use explosion proof ventilation equipment. Facilities storing or utilizing this product should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying systems is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

SKIN PROTECTION: Where contact is likely, wear chemical resistant gloves, a chemical suit, rubber boots, and chemical safety goggles plus a face shield.

EYE PROTECTION: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: No Information.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Ground and bond containers when transferring material.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING RANGE : 169 - 355 F	VAPOR DENSITY : Is heavier than air
ODOR : Xylene	ODOR THRESHOLD :
APPEARANCE : Liquid	EVAPORATION RATE: Is slower than Ether
SOLUBILITY IN H2O : No	
FREEZE POINT : N.A.	SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.0850
VAPOR PRESSURE : 11 mm Hg	pH @ 0.0 % :
PHYSICAL STATE : Liquid	VISCOSITY :
COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION:	

(See Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

INCOMPATIBILITY: This product is incompatible with strong acids or bases, oxidizing agents and selected amines.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Combustion may yield carbon dioxide and/or carbon monoxide. Do not breathe smoke or fumes. Wear appropriate protective equipment.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

No product or component toxicological information is available.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: No Information.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose of product in accordance with local, county, state, and federal regulations.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Paint

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT TECHNICAL NAME:

DOT HAZARD CLASS: 3 HAZARD SUBCLASS:

DOT UN/NA NUMBER: UN1263 PACKING GROUP: III RESP. GUIDE PAGE:

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

CERCLA - SARA HAZARD CATEGORY:

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

IMMEDIATE HEALTH HAZARD CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARD FIRE HAZARD

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----	CAS NUMBER	WT/WT % IS LESS THAN
Xylene (Mixed Isomers)	1330-20-7	20.0 %
Toluene	108-88-3	1.0 %
Trimethyl Benzenes	25551-13-7	10.0 %
Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4	5.0 %
Benzene	71-43-2	0.1 %

U.S. STATE REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

WARNING: The chemical(s) noted below and contained in this product, are known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm:

----- CHEMICAL NAME -----	CAS NUMBER
Toluene	108-88-3
Benzene	71-43-2

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

CANADIAN WHMIS: This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product regulations except for use of the 16 headings.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: No information available.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS RATINGS - HEALTH: 2 FLAMMABILITY: 3 REACTIVITY: 0

PREVIOUS MSDS REVISION DATE: 11/01/00

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOCS): 4.98 lbs/gal, 596 grams/ltr

LEGEND: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

The information contained on this MSDS has been checked and should be accurate. However, it is the responsibility of the user to comply with all Federal, State, and Local laws and regulations.

<END OF MSDS>